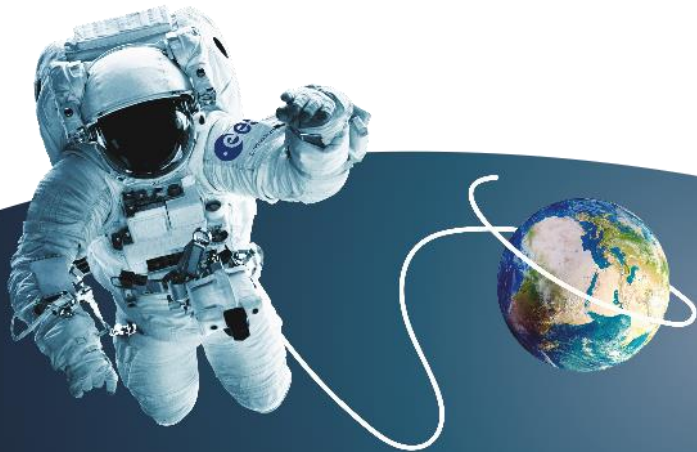


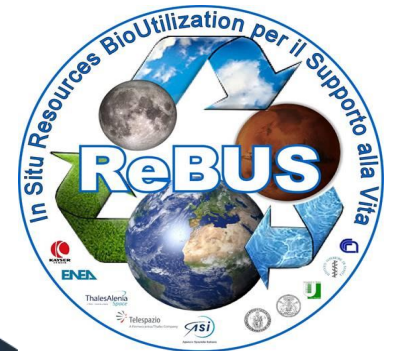


CREATING
A CIRCULAR
FUTURE

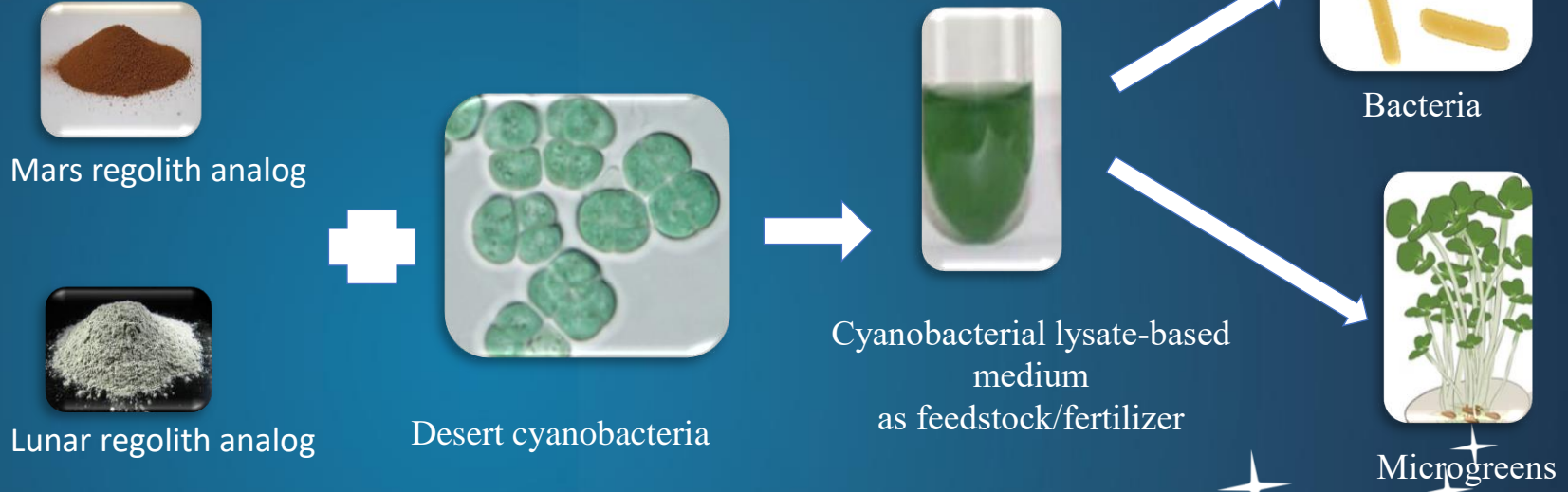
REBUS-CYANOBACTERIA: The use of the desiccation-, radiation-tolerant cyanobacterium *Chroococcidiopsis* sp. CCME029 for *in situ* resource utilization on the Moon and Mars



Daniela Billi and Beatriz Gallego Fernandez
University of Rome Tor Vergata
Department of Biology
Rome, Italy

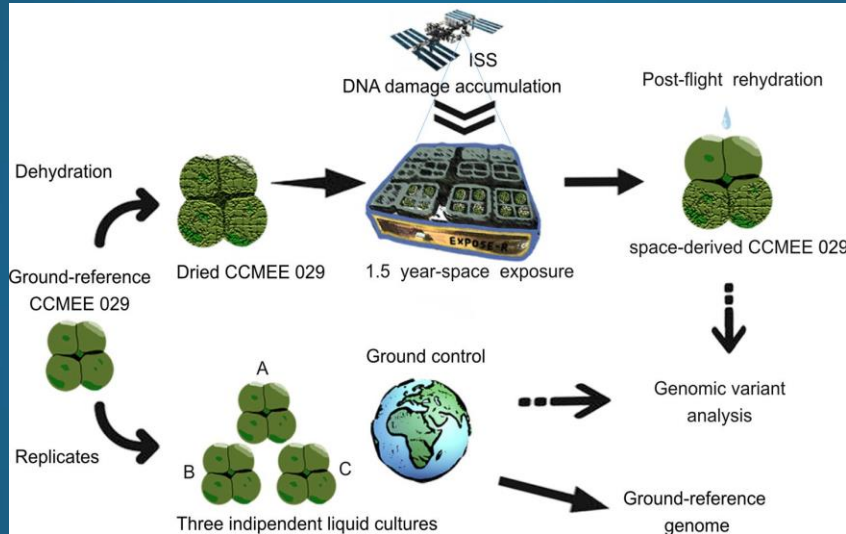


The aim:
linking *in-situ* resources to life support systems
using desert cyanobacteria



The desert strain *Chroococcidiopsis* sp. CCMEE 029 was selected because :

- it is desiccation and radiation tolerant
- It survives in the dried state under space and Mars-like conditions
- Its genome sequence has been sequenced
- It repairs efficiently DNA damage accumulated under space or Mars-like conditions



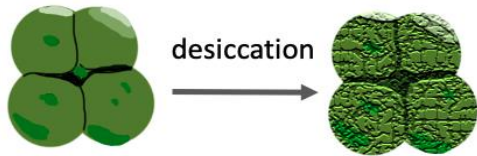
scientific reports

OPEN

Absence of increased genomic variants in the cyanobacterium *Chroococcidiopsis* exposed to Mars-like conditions outside the space station

Alessandro Napoli^{1,2,5}, Diego Micheletti^{3,5}, Massimo Pindo³, Simone Larger³, Alessandro Cestaro³, Jean-Pierre de Vera⁴ & Daniela Billi^{1,3}

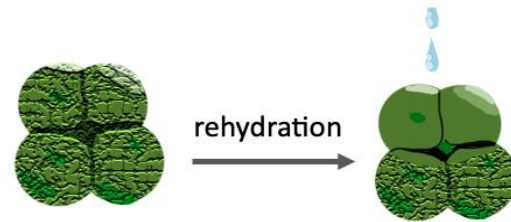
Features relevant when moving an experimental approach form Earth to space



Earth
Desiccation of cyanobacteria



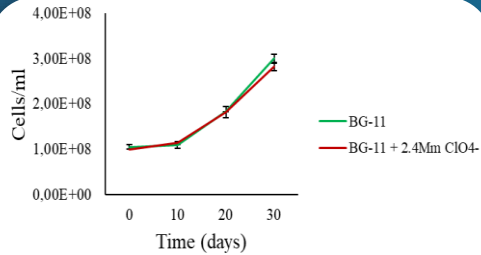
Travel in Space
Damage accumulation in dried cells



Moon or Mars
Rehydration, damage repair and exploitation of cyanobacterium-based technologies for ISRU on the Moon or on Mars



A feature relevant for ISRU on Mars is *Chroococcidiopsis* resistance to perchlorate ions

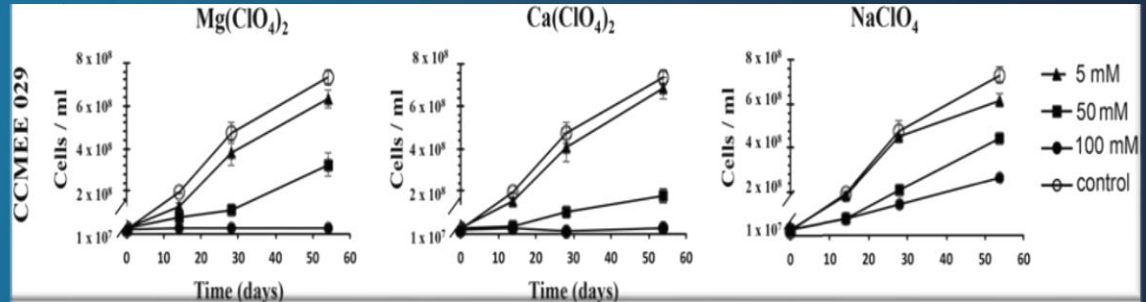
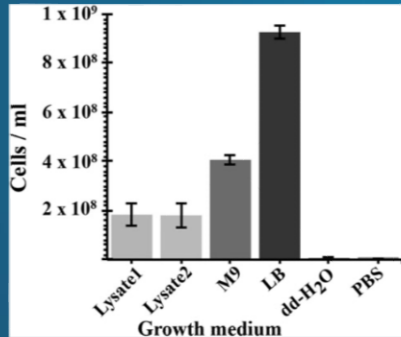


International Journal of Astrobiology



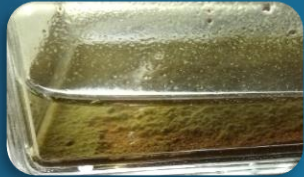
Exploiting a perchlorate-tolerant desert cyanobacterium to support bacterial growth for in situ resource utilization on Mars

Daniela Billi¹, Beatriz Gallego Fernandez¹, Claudia Fagliarone¹, Salvatore Chiavarini² and Lynn Justine Rothschild³

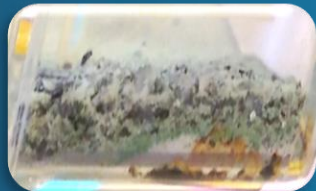


Relevant *Chroococidiopsis's* features for ISRU on Mars and Moon are:

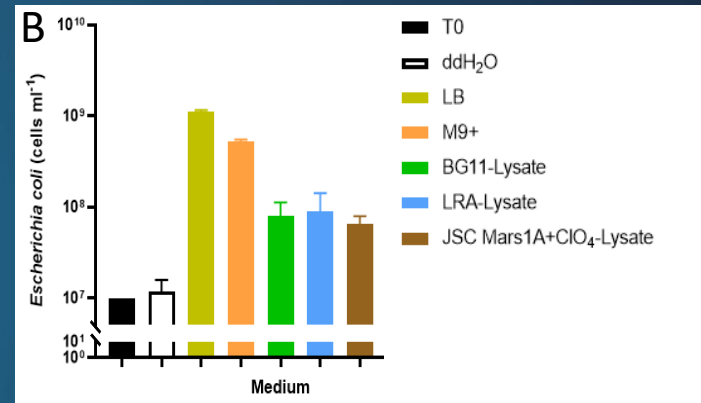
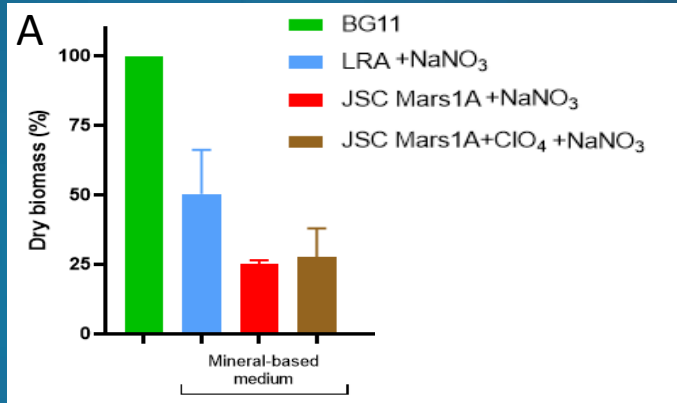
- capability of using Martian and Lunar regolith simulants as nutrient source, supplemented with NaNO_3 (Fig. A)
- Lysate suitability as feedstock for *E. coli* (Fig. B)



Mars regolith analog

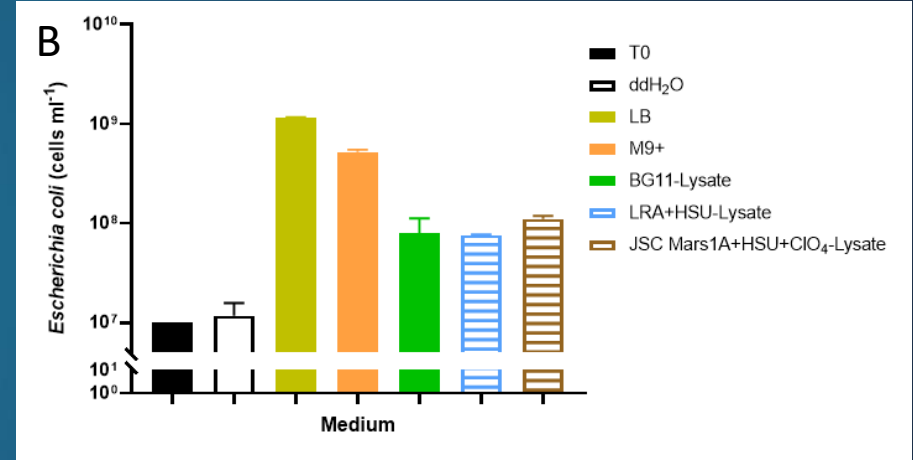
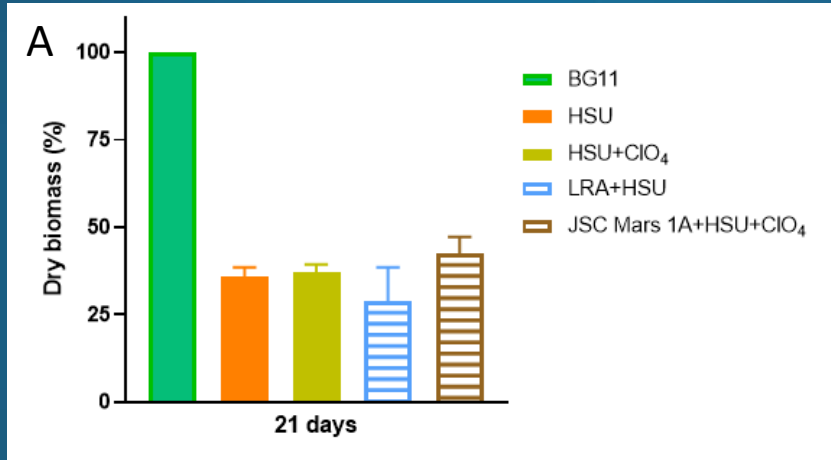


Lunar regolith analog



Relevant *Chroococcidiopsis's* features for ISRU on Mars and Moon are:

- capability of using human synthetic urine (10 mM urea) as nitrogen source (Fig. A)
- lysate suitability as feedstock for *E. coli* (Fig. B)



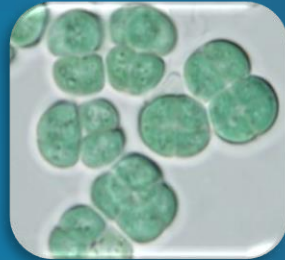
Proof – of – concept in linking *in-situ* resources to life support systems using desert cyanobacteria



Mars regolith analog supplemented with human synthetic urine



Lunar regolith analog supplemented with human synthetic urine



Chroococcidiopsis sp. 029



Lysate used as feedstock

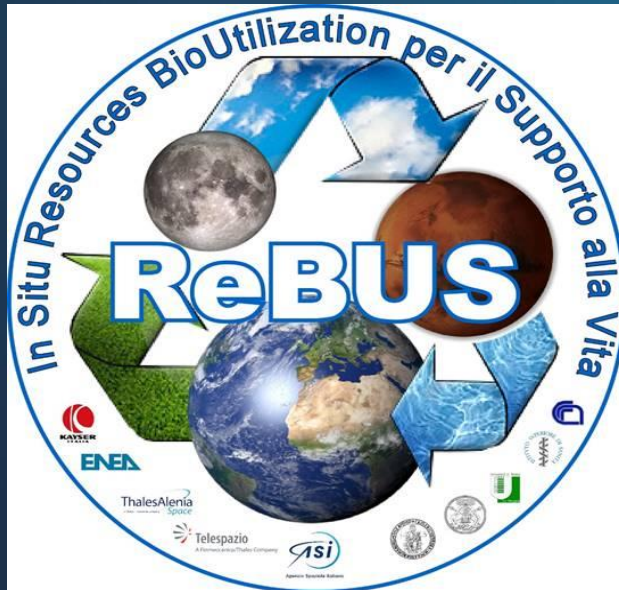


Bacteria

MELISSA



MICRO-ECOLOGICAL
LIFE SUPPORT SYSTEM
ALTERNATIVE



THANK YOU.

Daniela Billi

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