

CREATING
A CIRCULAR
FUTURE

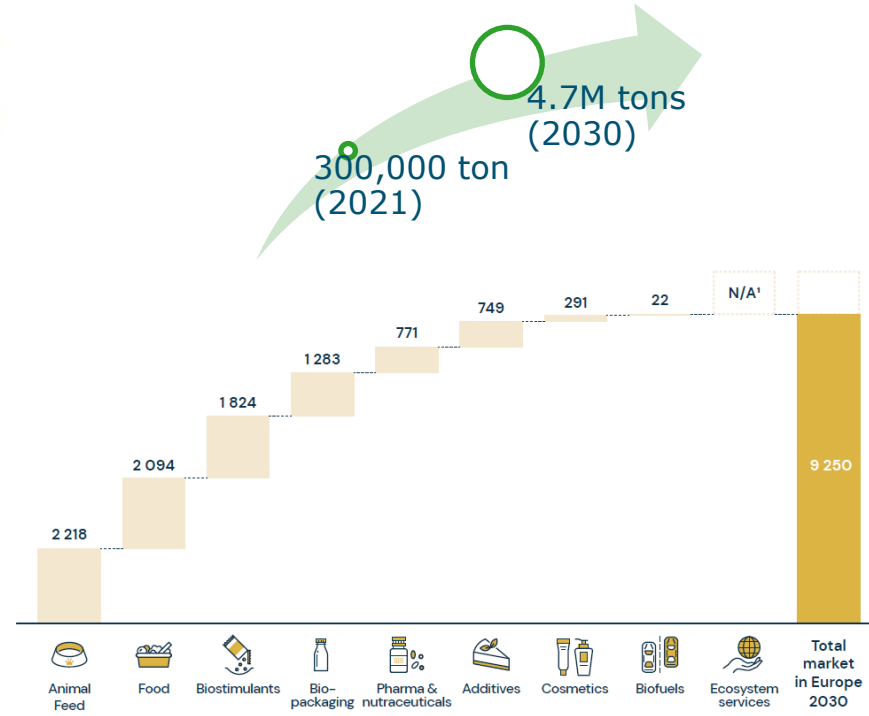
A novel multiproduct pathway towards algal food ingredients

Deep eutectic solvents for the processing of seaweed



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Eucaryotic	Multicellular	Macroscopic	Marine
Red Macroalgae	Green Macroalgae	Brown Macroalgae	
 <i>Eucheuma and Kappaphycus</i> <i>Gracilaria</i>	 <i>Ulva sp.</i> <i>Cladophora</i>	 <i>Saragassum</i> <i>Laminaria</i>	
Agars and Carrageenans Color due to phycobiliproteins: Phycocyanin and Phycoerythrin	Ulvars Color due to Chlorophyll a and b	Alginates and Fucoidan Color due to Fucoxanthin	



European demand for seaweed products in 2030 in million euros (Seaweed of Europe, 2020)

Eucaryotic Multicellular Macroscopic Marine

Red Macroalgae



Eucheuma and *Kappaphycus*



Gracilaria

Agars and Carrageenans

Color due to phycobiliproteins: Phycocyanin and **Phycoerythrin**

Green Macroalgae



Ulva sp.



Cladophora

Ulvans

Color due to **Chlorophyll a and b**

Brown Macroalgae



Saragassum

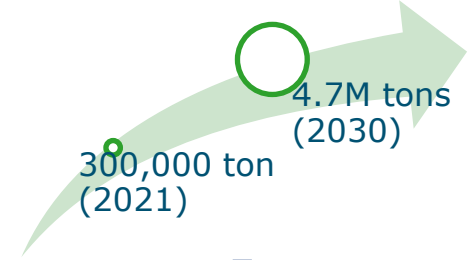


Laminaria

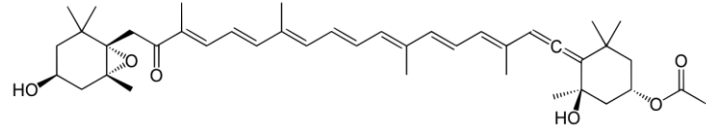
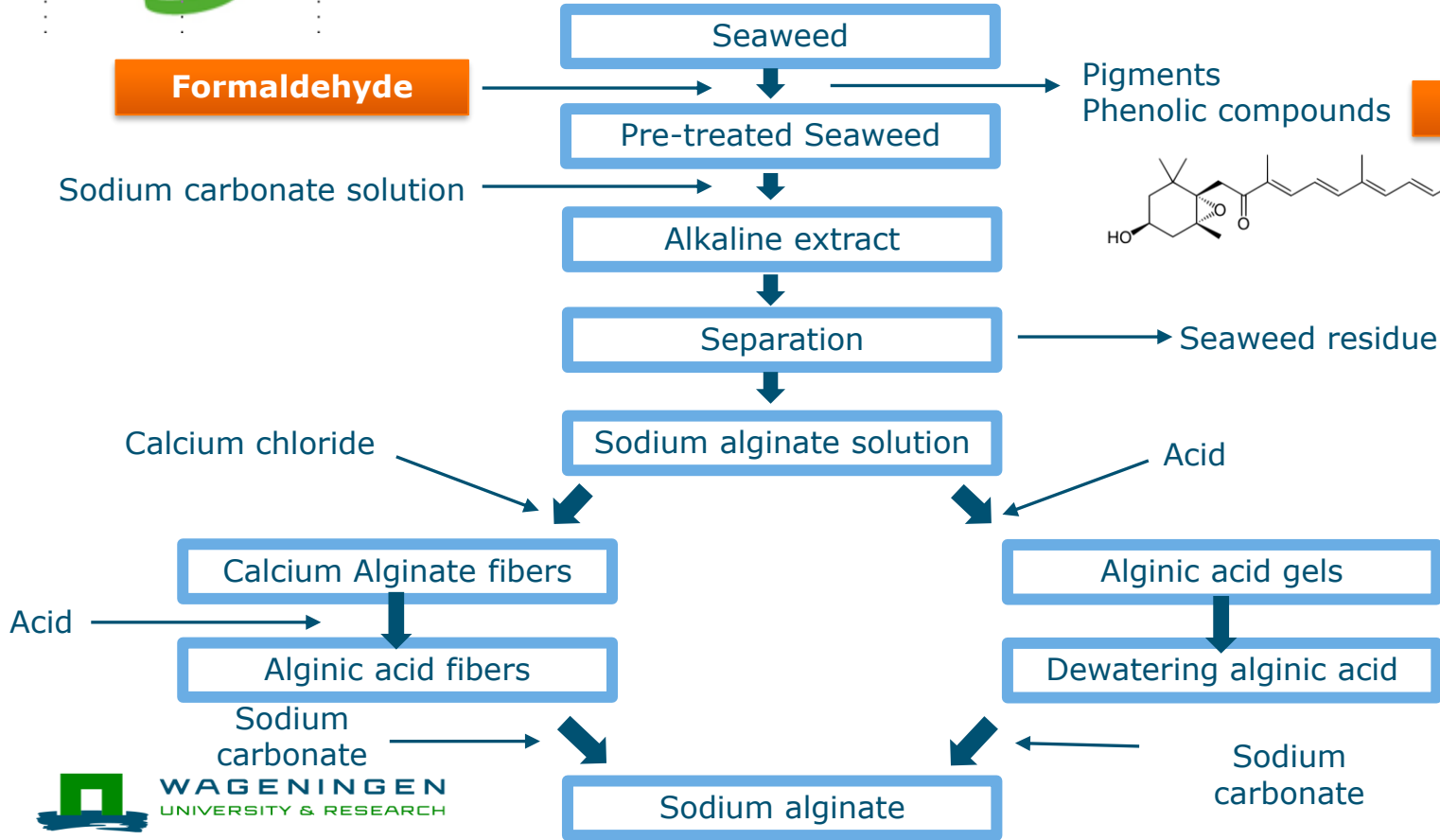
Alginates and Fucoidan

Color due to **Fucoxanthin**

Seaweed	Class	Carbohydrate composition	Total carbohydrates (%)	Lipid (%)	Protein (%)	Ash (%)	Sugars released by hydrolysis	Sugar composition
<i>Gelidium amansii</i>	Red	Agar, Carrageenan, Cellulose	75.2–83.6	0.6–1.1	12.2–18.5	3.3–5.7	34.6–67.5	Glucose, Galactose
<i>Laminaria japonica</i>	Brown	Laminarin,	51.9–59.5	1.5–1.8	8.1–14.8	30.9–31.5	9.6–37.6	Glucose, Mannitol
<i>Sargassum fulvellum</i>		Mannitol, Alginate, Fucoidan, Cellulose	39.6	1.4	13	46	9.6	
<i>Ulva lactuca</i>	Green	Starch, Cellulose	54.3	6.2	20.6	18.9	19.4	Glucose
<i>Ulva pertusa</i>			65.2	2.6	7.0	25.2	59.6	



Current seaweed processes (Alginate)



Multi-Stage Process



Need to innovate...



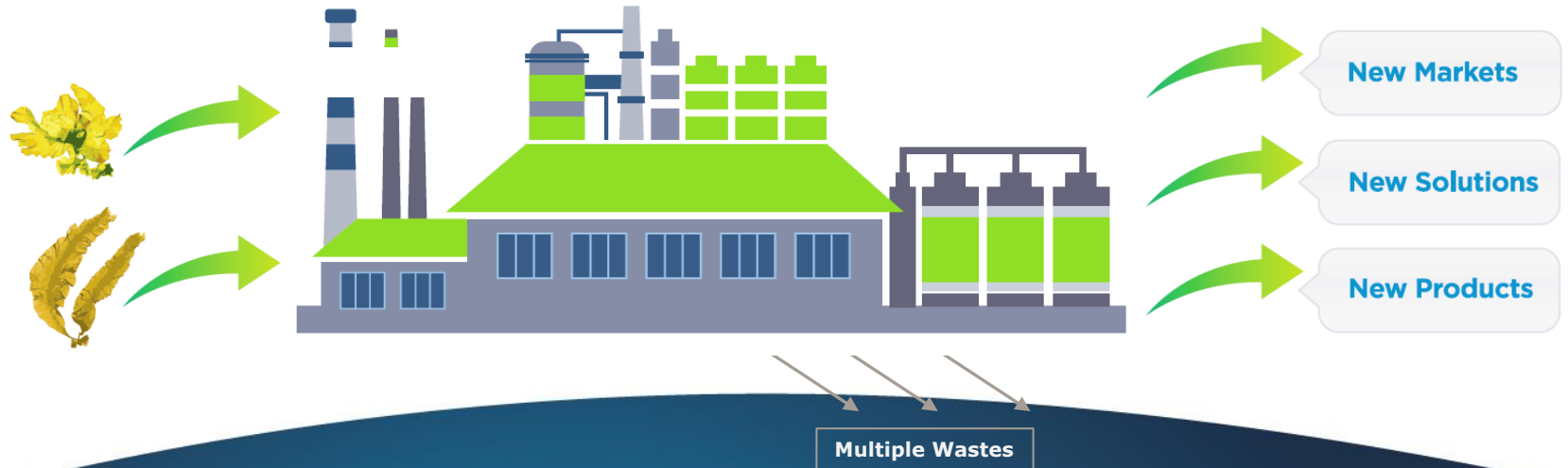
Chemical or Mechanical treatments

Solvent Extraction

Focus on one single product

“Green Technologies”

Multi-product

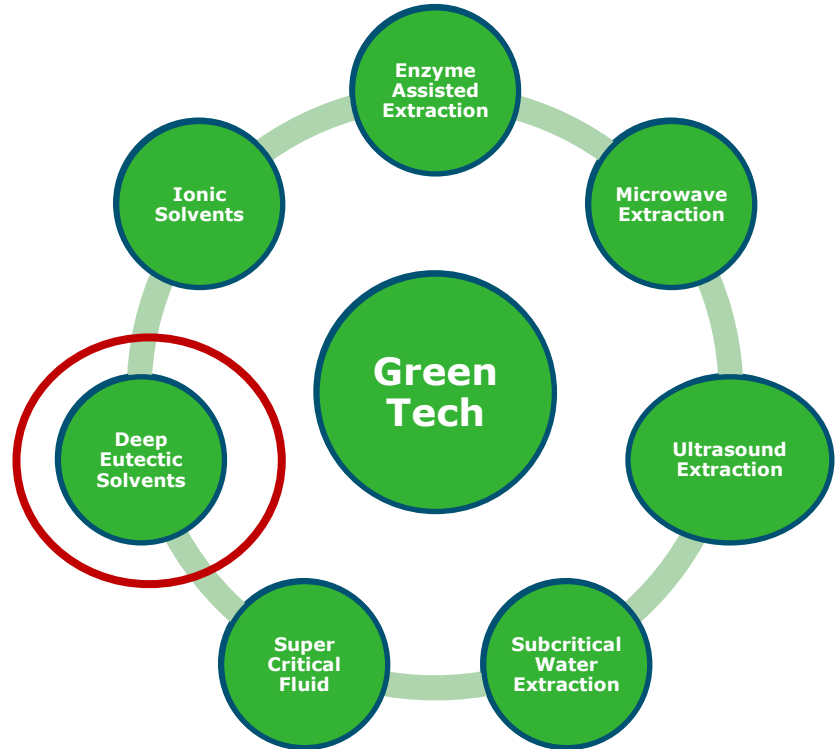




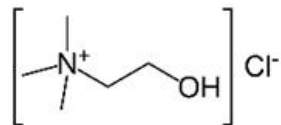
Novel technologies



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- 1 Choline chloride



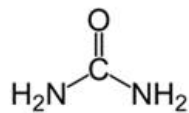
Mp = 302 °C

Mp = 575 °F



+

- 2 Urea



Mp = 133 °C

Mp = 271 °F



=

- ChCl-Ur (1:2)

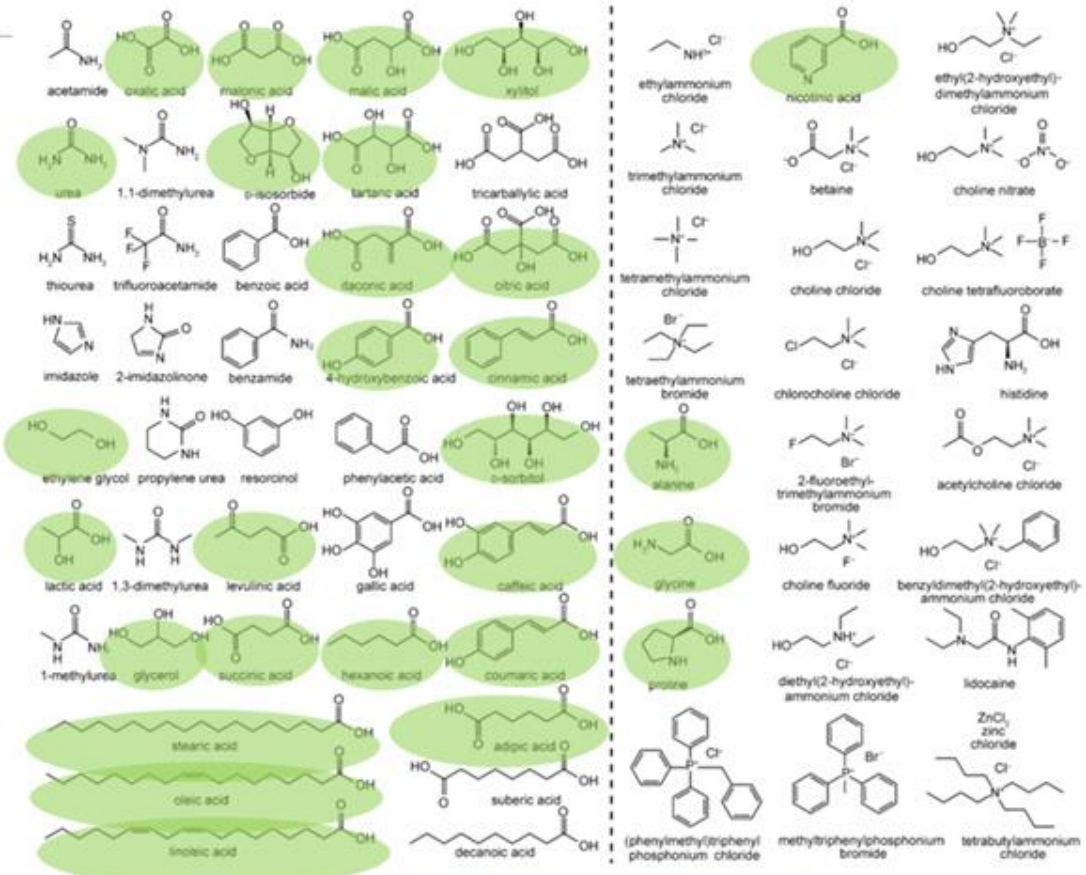
Mp = 12 °C

Mp = 56 °F



Other compounds:

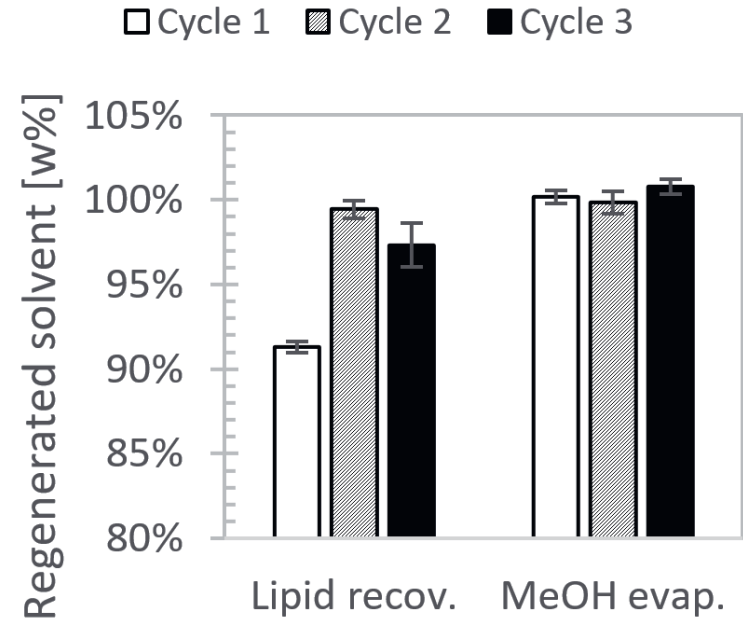
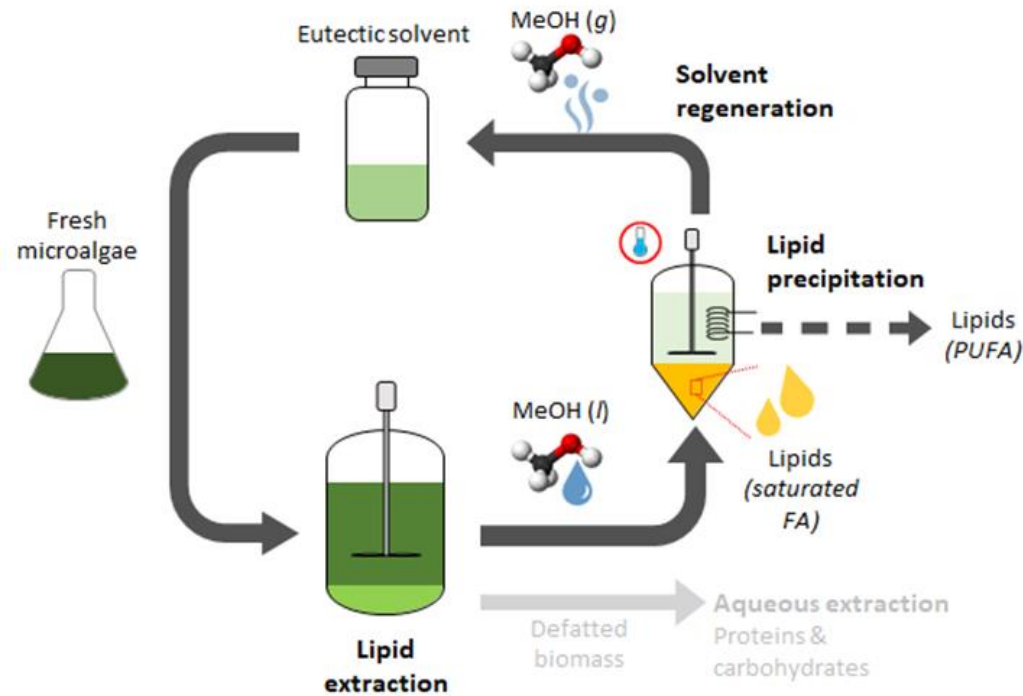
Polyols (glycerols, sugars), carboxylic acids (lactic acid, fatty acid), amino acids, terpenoids (mentol, thymol, etc...)



Other compounds:
Polyols (glycerols, sugars), carboxylic acids (lactic acid, fatty acid), amino acids, terpenoids (mentol, thymol, etc...)

- Is it efficient?
- Is it feasible?
- Scalable? Any bottlenecks?
- Any impact on the product quality?







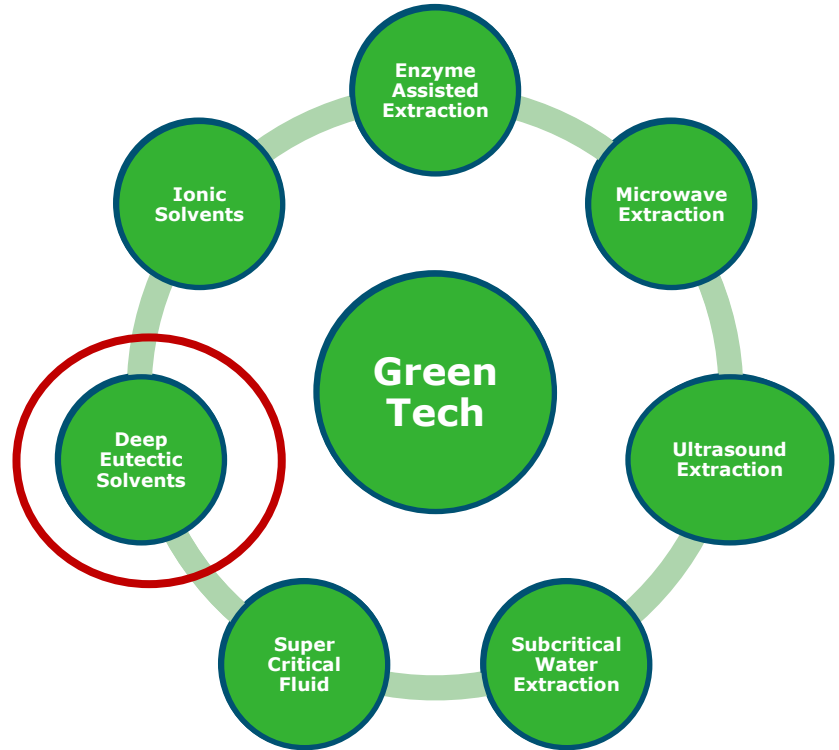
Is it efficient?

■ Is it feasible?

■ Scalable? Any bottlenecks?

■ Any impact on the product

quality?



Seaweed preparation

Seaweed harvesting

Drying

blending

Dry seaweed powder



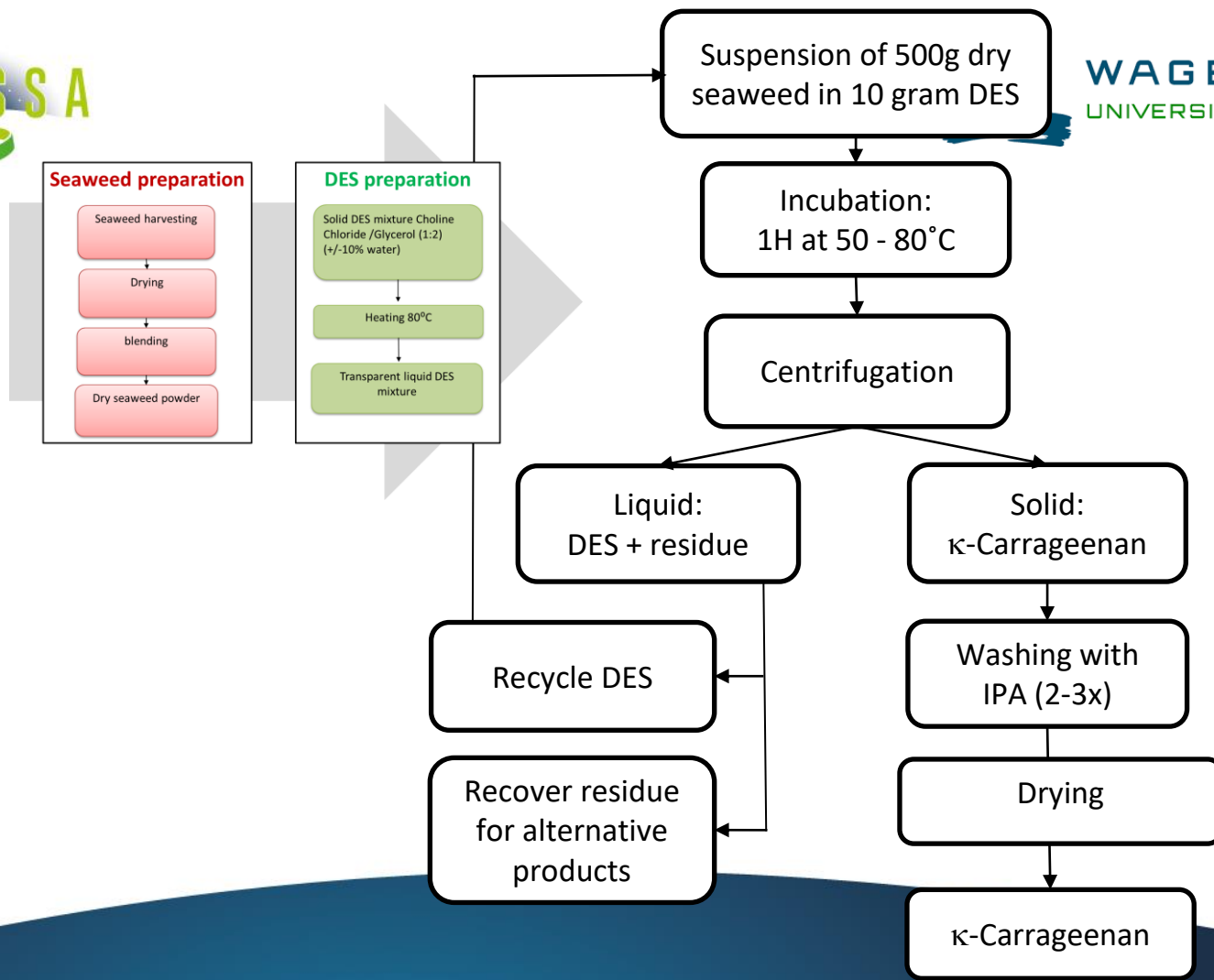
DES preparation

Solid DES mixture Choline
Chloride /Glycerol (1:2)
(+/-10% water)

Heating 80°C

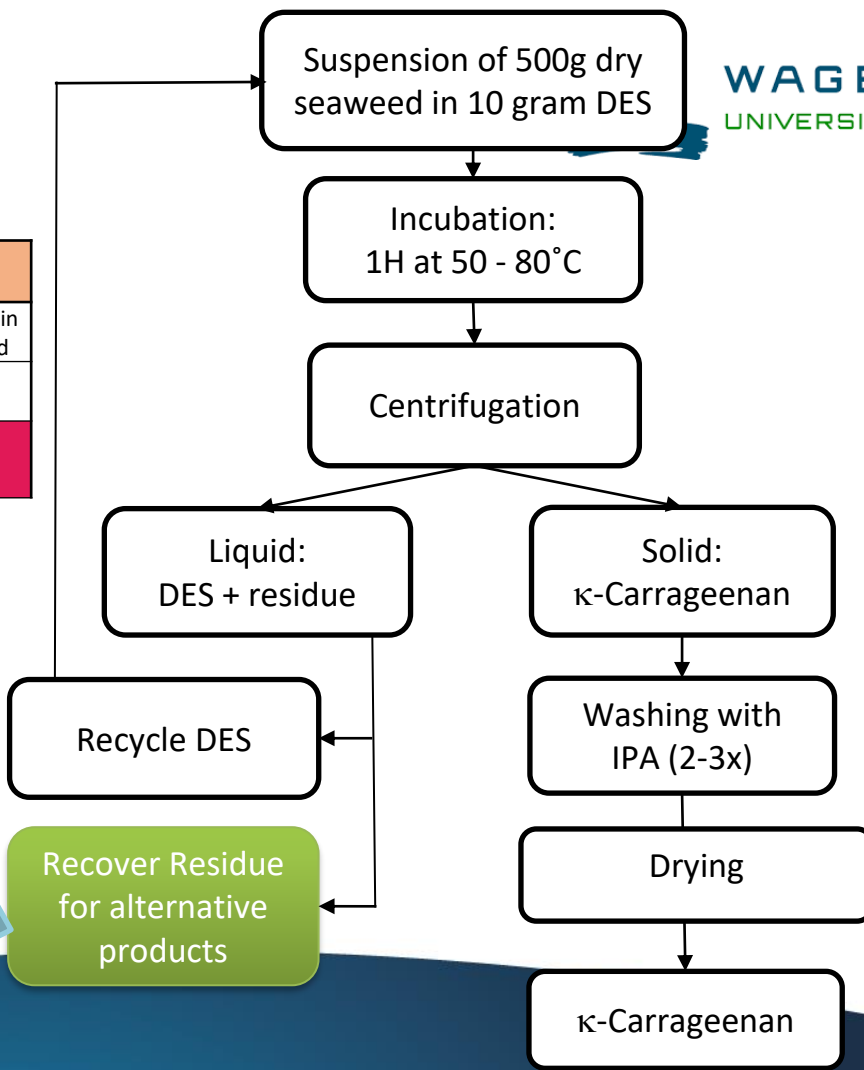
Transparent liquid DES
mixture





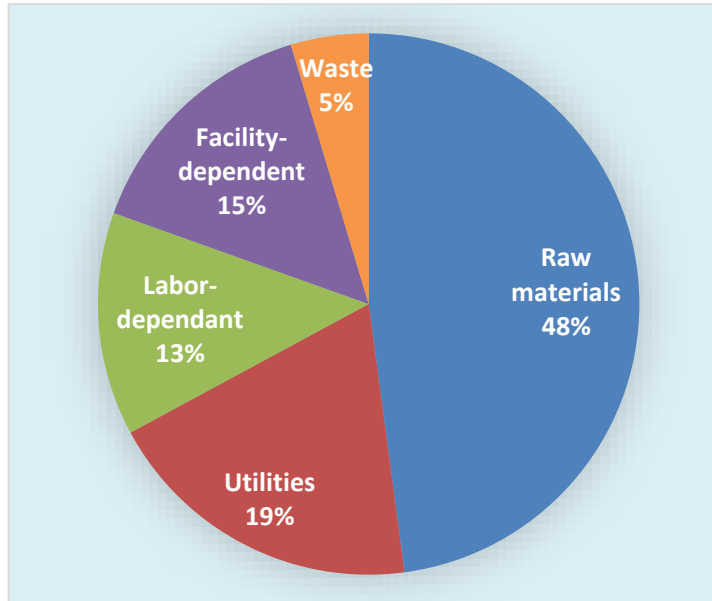


<i>E. cottonii</i>		
Carrageenan market ton/year	60 000	Proteins in seaweed
biomass need Dry (ton/year)	300 000	4-20%
Proteins (ton/year)	30 000	

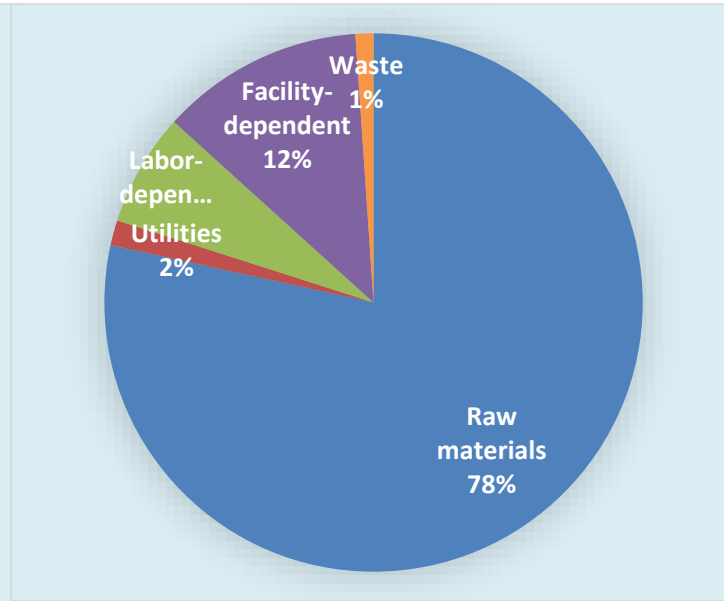


7€/kg carrageenan

5.5€/kg carrageenan



Conventional Method (Cargill)



DES (our study)



Novel technologies



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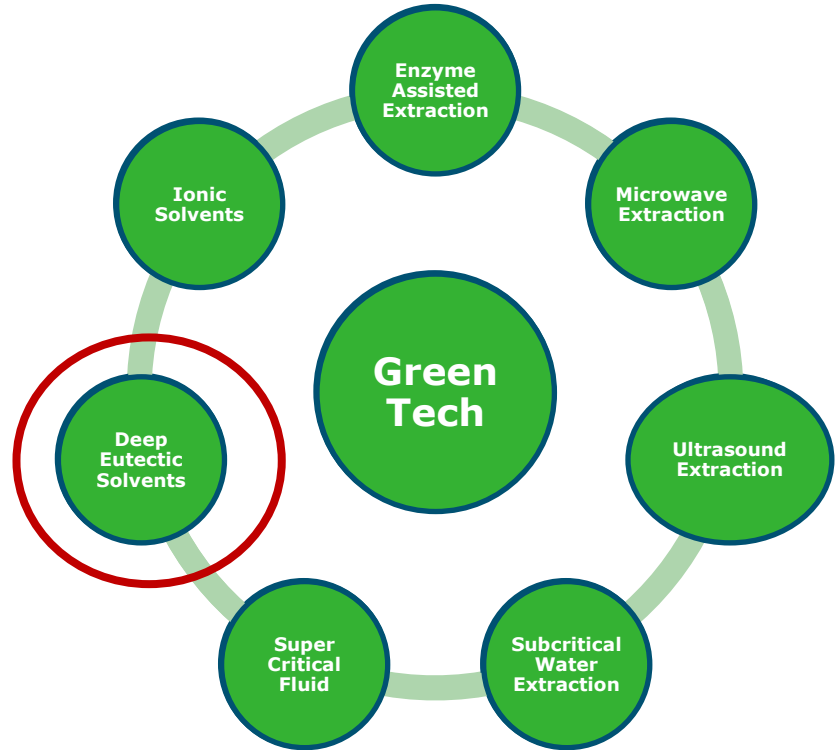
✓ Is it efficient?

✓ Is it feasible?

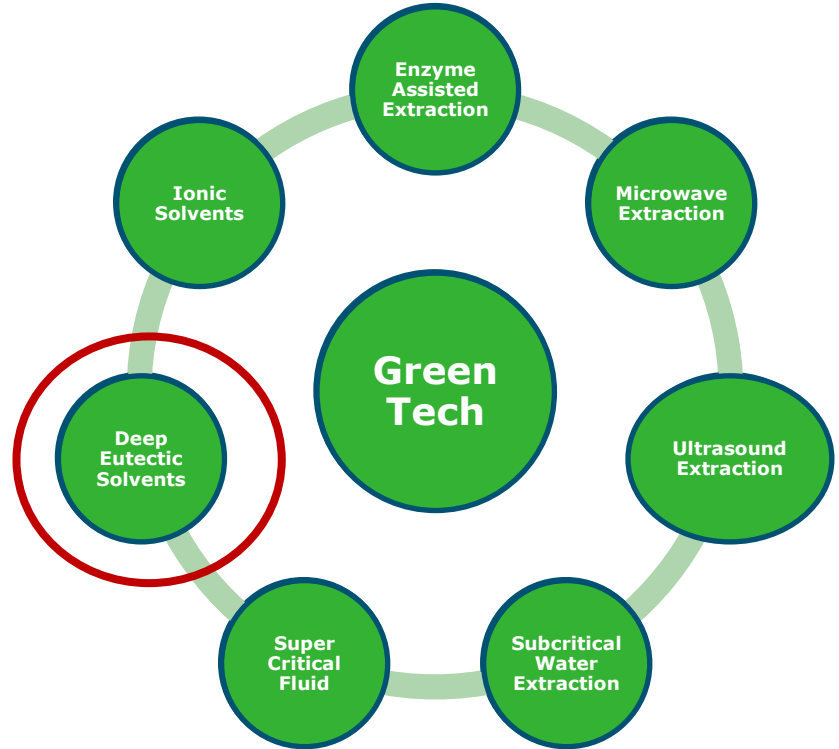
■ Scalable? Any bottlenecks?

■ Any impact on the product

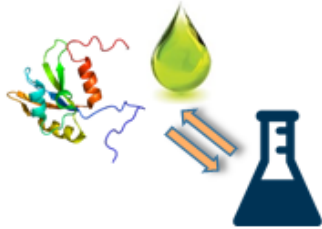
quality?



- ✓ Is it efficient?
- ✓ Is it feasible?
- ? Scalable? Any bottlenecks?
- ? Any impact on the product quality?

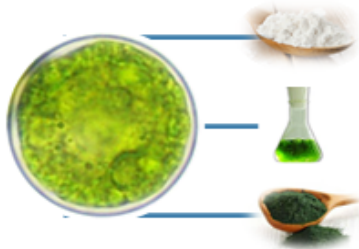


1. Extraction & back-extraction



- Screening for DES
- Solubility of model compounds
- Back-extraction

2. DES-based Seaweed extraction



- Increasing complexity
- Effect on cell wall
- Selectivity and yield

3. Understanding physicochemical properties



- Molecular interaction – physicochemical prop.
- Optimization: viscosity, water stability, etc.

4. Extraction system design



- Diffusivities of biomolecules
- Non-ideal system
- Design to improve mass transfer
- Scale up
- Techno-economic analysis



SeaSolv



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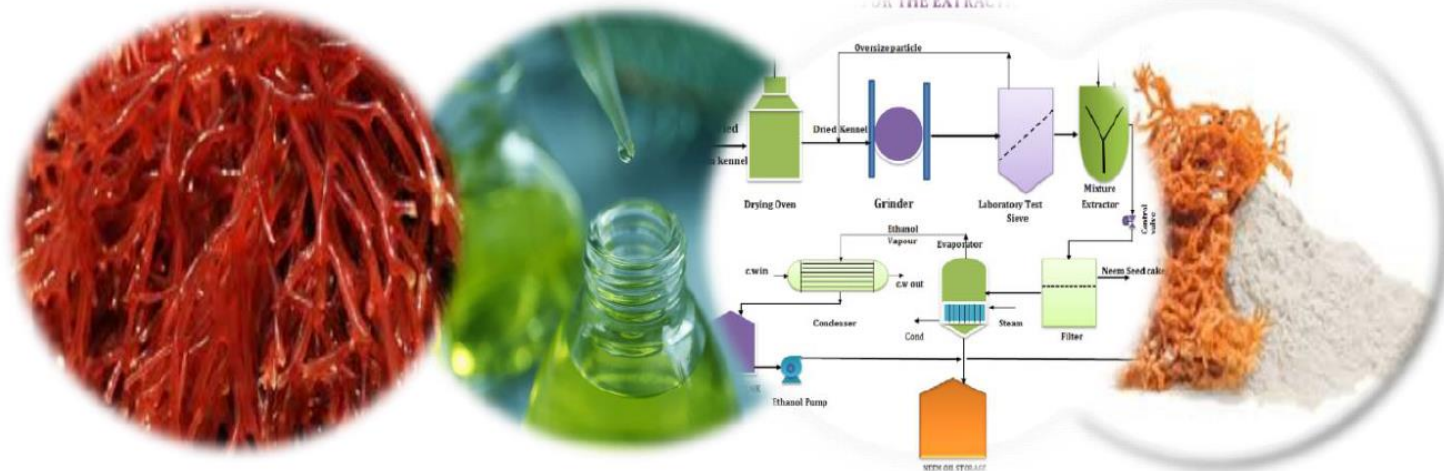
Multi-product biorefinery of seaweed using green solvents

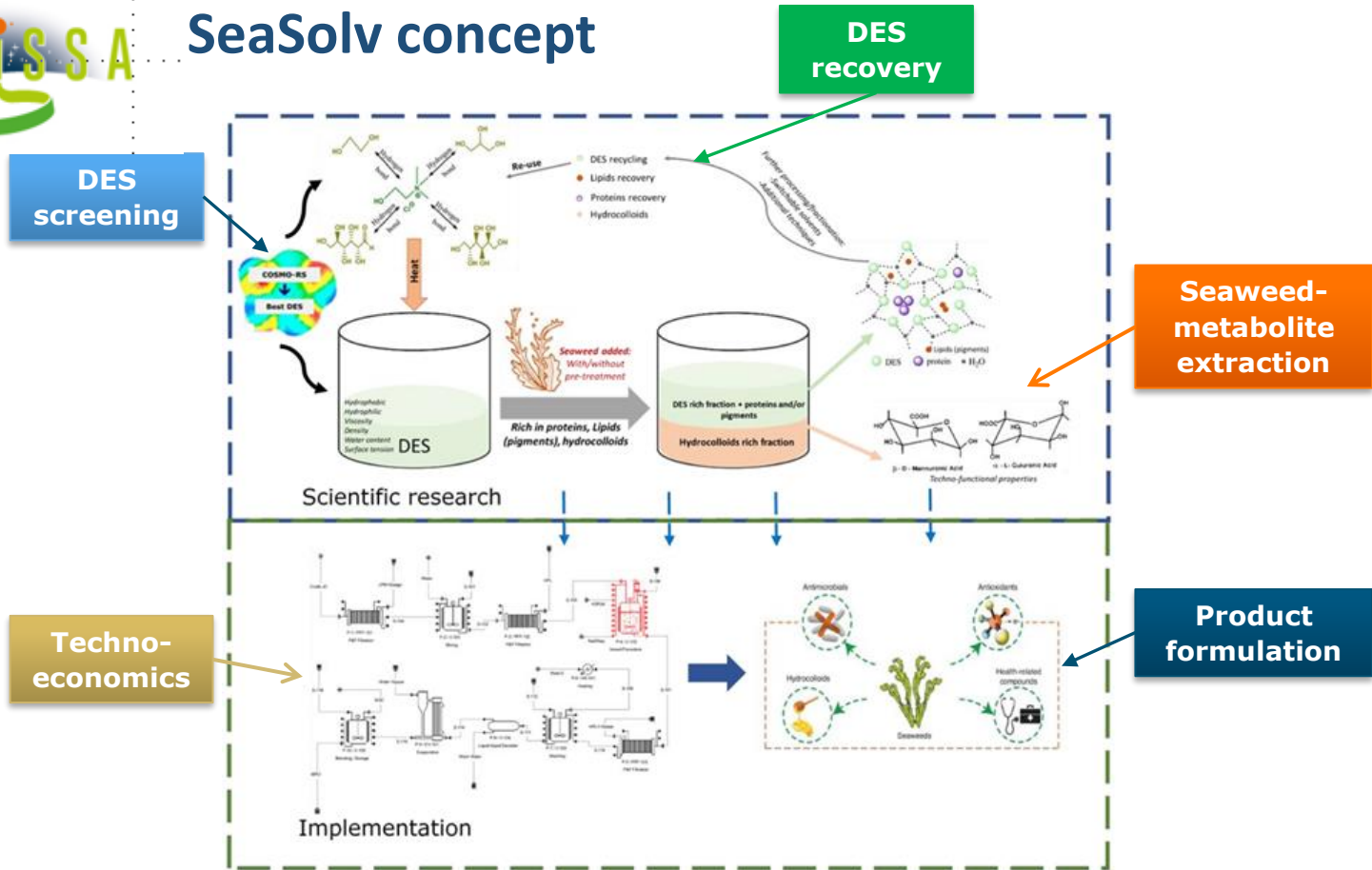
Dutch Research Council (NWO), NWO Domain, Applied and Engineering Sciences (TTW)

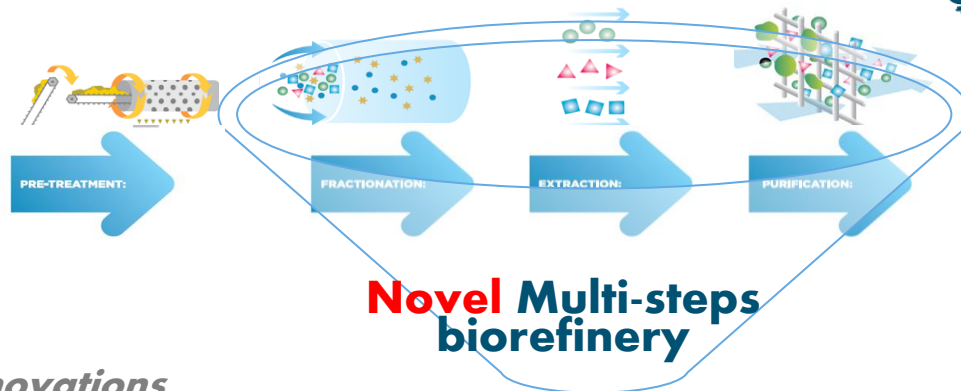
Hortimare



kelp blue



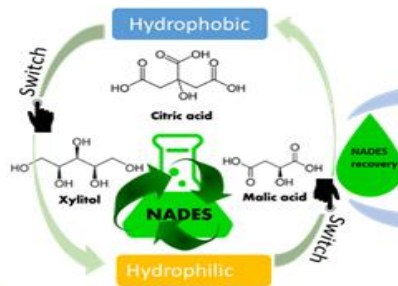




Current innovations

SeaSolv innovation

One-step biorefinery



How?

Natural Deep eutectic solvents (NADES)

MELISSA



MICRO-ECOLOGICAL
LIFE SUPPORT SYSTEM
ALTERNATIVE

THANK YOU.

Kazbar Antoinette

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